

## Clinical Policy: Icatibant (Firazyr)

Reference Number: ERX.SPA.30

Effective Date: 07.01.16

Last Review Date: 02.22

Line of Business: Commercial, Medicaid

[Revision Log](#)

See **Important Reminder** at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

### Description

Icatibant (Firazyr®) is a bradykinin B2 receptor antagonist

### FDA Approved Indication(s)

Firazyr is indicated for the treatment of acute attacks of hereditary angioedema (HAE) in adults 18 years of age and older.

### Policy/Criteria

*Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.*

*Health plan approved formularies should be reviewed for all coverage determinations. Requirements to use preferred alternative agents apply only when such requirements align with the health plan approved formulary.*

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Envolve Pharmacy Solutions™ that Firazyr is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

#### I. Initial Approval Criteria

##### A. Hereditary Angioedema (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of HAE confirmed by a history of recurrent angioedema and one of the following (a or b):
  - a. Low C4 level and low C1-INH antigenic or functional level (*see Appendix D*);
  - b. Normal C4 level and normal C1-INH levels, and at least one of the following (i or ii):
    - i. Presence of a mutation associated with the disease (*see Appendix D*);
    - ii. Family history of angioedema and documented failure of high-dose antihistamine therapy (i.e., cetirizine 40 mg/day or equivalent) for at least 1 month or an interval expected to be associated with 3 or more attacks of angioedema, whichever is longer;
2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist, allergist, or immunologist;
3. Age ≥ 18 years;
4. Prescribed for treatment of acute HAE attacks;
5. If request is for brand Firazyr, member must use generic icatibant, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Member is not using Firazyr in combination with another FDA-approved product for treatment of acute HAE attacks (e.g., Berinert®, Ruconest®, Kalbitor®);
7. Request does not exceed 6 doses per month;
8. Dose does not exceed 30 mg (1 syringe) per dose, with up to 3 doses administered in a 24-hour period.

**Approval duration: 6 months (up to 6 doses per month)**

##### B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to ERX.PA.01 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

## II. Continued Therapy

### A. Hereditary Angioedema (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via a health plan affiliated with Envolve Pharmacy Solutions or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. If request is for brand Firazyr, member must use generic icatibant, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
4. Member is not using Firazyr in combination with another FDA-approved product for treatment of acute HAE attacks (e.g., Berinert, Ruconest, Kalbitor);
5. Request does not exceed 6 doses per month
6. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 30 mg (1 syringe) per dose, with up to 3 doses administered in a 24-hour period.

**Approval duration: 12 months (up to 6 doses per month)**

### B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. Currently receiving medication via a health plan affiliated with Envolve Pharmacy Solutions and documentation supports positive response to therapy.

**Approval duration: Duration of request or 6 months (whichever is less);** or

2. Refer to ERX.PA.01 if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized).

## III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- ### A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off-label use policy – ERX.PA.01 or evidence of coverage documents.

## IV. Appendices/General Information

### Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

CI-INH: C1 esterase inhibitor

C4: complement component 4

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

HAE: hereditary angioedema

HAE-nl-C1INH: hereditary angioedema with normal C1 inhibitor

### Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria.

The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
cetirizine	40 mg/day (off-label) Typical dosing range (mg/day): 10 mg/day <i>US HAEA Medical Advisory Board 2020 Guidelines for the Management of Hereditary Angioedema</i>	40 mg/day (off-label)

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

### Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

None reported

### Appendix D: General Information

- Diagnosis of HAE:
  - There are two classifications of HAE: HAE with C1-INH deficiency (HAE-C1INH, further broken down into Type 1 and Type II) and HAE with normal C1-INH (also known as HAE-nl-C1INH). HAE-nl-C1INH was previously referred to as type III HAE, but this term is obsolete and should not be used.
  - In both Type 1 (~85% of cases) and Type II (~15% of cases), C4 levels are low. C1-INH antigenic levels are low in Type I while C1-INH functional levels are low in Type II. Diagnosis of Type I and II can be confirmed with laboratory tests. Reference ranges for C4 and C1-INH

levels can vary across laboratories (see below for examples); low values confirming diagnosis are those which are below the lower end of normal.

Laboratory Test & Reference Range	Mayo Clinic	Quest Diagnostics	LabCorp
C4	14-40 mg/dL	13-57 mg/dL (age- and gender-specific ranges)	14-44 mg/dL
C1-INH, antigenic	19-37 mg/dL	21-39 mg/dL	21-39 mg/dL
C1-INH, functional	Normal: > 67% Equivocal: 41-67% Abnormal: < 41%	Normal: ≥ 68% Equivocal: 41-67% Abnormal: ≤ 40%	Normal: > 67% Equivocal: 41-67% Abnormal: < 41%

- HAE-nI-C1INH, on the other hand, presents with normal C4 and C1-INH levels. Some patients have a known associated mutation, while others have no identified genetic indicators. HAE-nI-C1INH is very rare, and there are no laboratory tests to confirm the diagnosis; mutations in 4 genes causing HAE-nI-C1INH have been identified:

Identified Genes Associated with Mutations in HAE-nI-C1INH
F12
ANGPT1
PLG
KNG1

#### V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Treatment of acute HAE attacks	30 mg SC in the abdominal area; if response is inadequate or symptoms recur, additional injections of 30 mg may be administered at intervals of at least 6 hours  Do not administer more than 3 injections in 24 hours.	90 mg/24 hours

#### VI. Product Availability

Single-use prefilled syringe: 30 mg/3 mL

#### VII. References

1. Firazyr Prescribing Information. Lexington, MA: Shire Orphan Therapies, Inc.; August 2020. Available at: [www.firazyr.com](http://www.firazyr.com). Accessed November 8, 2021.
2. Cicardi M, Bork K, Caballero T, et al. Evidence-based recommendations for the therapeutic management of angioedema owing to hereditary C1 inhibitor deficiency: consensus report of an International Working Group. *Allergy*. 2012; 67(2): 147-157.
3. Cicardi M, Aberer W, Banerji A, et al. Classification, diagnosis, and approach to treatment for angioedema: consensus report from the Hereditary Angioedema International Working Group. *Allergy*. 2014; 69(5): 602-616.
4. Busse PJ, Christiansen SC, Reidl MA, et al. US HAEA Medical Advisory Board 2020 Guidelines for the Management of Hereditary Angioedema. *J Allergy Clin Immunol*. 2021; 9(1): 132-150.e3.
5. Zuraw BL, Bernstein JA, Lang DM, et al. A focused parameter update: hereditary angioedema, acquired C1 inhibitor deficiency, and angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor-associated angioedema. *J Allergy Clin Immunol*. 2013; 131(6): 1491-1493.
6. Maurer M, Magerl M, Ansotegui I, et al. The international WAO/EAACI guideline for the management of hereditary angioedema – the 2017 revision and update. *Allergy*. 2018; 73(8):1575-1596.
7. Mayo Clinic Laboratories [internet database]. Rochester, Minnesota: Mayo Foundation for Medical Education and Research. Updated periodically. Accessed November 8, 2021.
8. Quest Diagnostics® [internet database]. Updated periodically. Accessed November 8, 2021.
9. LabCorp [internet database]. Burlington, North Carolina: Laboratory Corporation of America. Updated periodically. Accessed November 8, 2021.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q18 annual review: Added specialist requirement Removed “Other types of angioedema have been ruled out” from part of diagnosis due to its subjective nature, while specialist has been added Added age limit	11.16.17	02.18
1Q 2019 annual review: added quantity limit of 6 doses per month for treatment of acute attacks; added requirement that member is not using requested product in combination with other approved treatments for the treatment of acute HAE attacks; no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	10.30.18	02.19
1Q 2020 annual review: HAE lab reference range updated; initial auth duration revised from 12 to 6 months; references reviewed and updated.	11.04.19	02.20
Added requirement for generic Firazyr use for all indications.	03.31.20	
1Q 2021 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	10.02.20	02.21
1Q 2022 annual review: updated diagnosis criteria to include a recurrent history of angioedema and either an associated mutation or family history of angioedema with failure of high-dose antihistamines for HAE-nI-C1INH; clarified the number of doses for treatment of acute attacks within criteria; references reviewed and updated.	11.11.21	02.22

**Important Reminder**

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information.

This Clinical Policy is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine, nor does it constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members.

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